9.2.1

# Logic as a Knowledge Representation Language Chapter 7.4–7.8, 8.1–8.3, 8.5

Some material adopted from notes by Andreas Geyer-Schulz and Chuck Dyer

### Logic roadmap overview

#### • Propositional logic

– Problems with propositional logic

#### • First-order logic

- Properties, relations, functions, quantifiers, ...
- Terms, sentences, wffs, axioms, theories, proofs, ...
- Variations and extensions to first-order logic

#### • Logical agents

- Reflex agents
- Representing change: situation calculus, frame problem
- Preferences on actions
- Goal-based agents

### Disclaimer



# "Logic, like whiskey, loses its beneficial effect when taken in too large quantities."

- Lord Dunsany

## **Big Ideas**

- Logic: great knowledge representation (KR) language for many AI problems
- Propositional logic: simple foundation and fine for many AI problems
- First order logic (FOL): more expressive as a KR language; needed for many AI problems
- Variations on classical FOL are common: horn logic, higher-order logic, modal logic, threevalued logic, probabilistic logic, fuzzy logic, etc.

### Al Use Cases for Logic

Logic has many usecases even in a time dominated by deep learning, including these examples:

- Modeling and using knowledge in the Hunt the Wumpus game
- Allowing agents to develop complex **plans** to achieve a goal and create optimal plans
- Defining and using semantic **knowledge graphs** such as <u>schema.org</u> and <u>Wikidata</u>
- Adding **features** to neural network systems

