Introduction to Ethics

Foundations and Frameworks

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Outline

- Some Questions
- What is Ethics
- Branches of Ethics
- Applied Ethics
- Meta-ethics
- (Normative) Ethics
- Properties of Ethical Theories
- Moor's Just-Consequentialism
- Other Topics

Questions

- What do we mean by
 - Moral obligation
 - Moral responsibility
 - Morally praiseworthy
 - Morally blameworthy
- What are our 'Rights'
- When is something immoral
- When is something amoral

What is Ethics?

- A branch of philosophy
 - aka moral philosophy
 - As such, uses reason and logical argument to establish propositions
 - Susceptible to logical fallacies
- The study of right and wrong action
- Prescriptive vs. descriptive
- Impartial (like math and science)

Branches of Ethics

- Applied ethics
- Ethics (aka Normative ethics)
- Meta-ethics

- !Descriptive ethics
 - That is sociology

Applied Ethics

- Bioethics
- Business ethics
- Professional ethics
- Engineering ethics
- Computer ethics
 - Privacy
 - Intellectual property and fair use
 - . . .
- Social issues
 - Euthanasia
 - Animal rights
 - . . .

Meta-ethics

- What is the 'good'
 - The big question
 - Core values
- Is morality universal or relative
- How are moral propositions defended

(Normative) Ethics

- Utilitarianism (consequence based)
- Deontology (duty based)
- Contractualism (contract based)
- Natural rights (rights based)
- Virtue (character based)

Properties of Ethical Theories

- Coherent
- Consistent
- Comprehensive
- Systematic
- Impartial

Moor's Just-Consequentialism

- Deliberate over policies, verify that
 - Causes no unnecessary harm
 - Supports individual rights and duties
- Select best policy by ranking benefits & harm
 - Weigh carefully between good & bad consequences
 - Distinguish between disputes of fact vs principles and values

Other Topics

- Moral intuition
- Law, society, religion
- Consequence vs. intent
- Moral discourse stoppers

Questions and Discussion

